

Effects of the Regulation of the Minister for Infrastructure ‘Amendment of Regulation No 19 of the Minister for the Environment of 29 May 2019 on end-of-waste criteria for waste containing oil’

The amendment of the Regulation will not lead to organisational changes in the public sector. At the end of 2024, there will be two companies in Estonia that produce a fuel component from waste containing oil. A company producing a fuel component must hold a waste permit or an integrated environmental permit, and therefore the supervisory authority will in any case verify that the company complies with the conditions set out in its environmental protection permit. If the limit values set out in Annex 2 to the Regulation are amended, the recovery of waste containing oil will increase and incineration as waste will be reduced. The addition of Annexes 3 and 4 to the Regulation will expand the quantity of products produced from waste containing oil and contribute to the development of the circular economy in Estonia. There is also a slight decrease in the use of primary raw materials for the production of fuels. The revised rules will allow companies producing fuel components to generate higher added value from their activities, which will in turn improve the economic situation of companies.

Aggregated impact of changes on the administrative burden for businesses and/or citizens

The administrative burden on citizens as a whole will not change.

The administrative burden on businesses as a whole will not change.

The workload for the public sector as a whole will not change.

The implementation of the proposed Regulation will not add any activities, costs, or revenues to state authorities. The implementation of the Regulation will enable companies that handle waste containing oil to increase their revenue if they are able to produce a fuel component that meets the requirements and sell it as a product to cooperation partners.