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The Swedish Police Authority's Regulations on Equipment for Security Officers;

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adopted on.

By virtue of Section 20 of the Ordinance (2023:422) on Security Officers, the Swedish Police Authority hereby lays down¹ the following.

Chapter 1 Introductory provisions

Section 1. These regulations contain provisions on equipment for security officers appointed in accordance with the Act (2023:421) on Security Officers.

Section 2. Equipment for security officers must be used or worn in accordance with these regulations. Further provisions on the use or carrying of equipment for security officers can be found in the Swedish Police Authority's Regulations and General Guidelines (PMFS 2025:XX) on Security Officers.

Chapter 2. Uniforms for security officers

About uniforms in general

Section 1. A security officer may only wear a uniform in accordance with the provisions laid out in this Chapter.

In environments or situations where other provisions concerning protective equipment apply, the use of such protective equipment must take precedence over the provisions in this Regulation. The same must apply if another authority decides on recommendations concerning protective equipment.

Section 2. Uniform comprises uniform garments and service insignia.

¹ See Directive (EU) 2015/1535 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical regulations and of rules on Information Society services.

Section 3. Uniform must be worn in such a way as to instil confidence and otherwise be compatible with the duties of a security officer.

Section 4. Head-wear, when no safety helmet is in use, must always be worn during

- 1. outdoor service,
- 2. sporting events and
- 3. surveillance on public transport.

Section 5. Uniform garments must be made from materials that are suitable and conventional for use in uniforms.

Section 6. Colours referred to in this Chapter correspond to the following colour codes in accordance with the Natural Colour System (NCS):

- 1. 'Blue' refers to NCS1 7015-R90B or an equivalent colour in accordance with another standard.
- 2. 'Light blue' refers to NCS 2142-R83B or an equivalent colour in accordance with another standard.
- 3. 'Medium blue' refers to NCS S 3560-R80B or an equivalent colour in accordance with another standard.
- 4. 'Yellow', when used in role designations, sleeve badges and the square cord on side caps, refers to NCS S 1060-Y10R or an equivalent colour in accordance with another standard.

For black, no code is specified.

Section 7. Colour deviation from the specified NCS colour code laid out in Section 6 must not exceed 1.5 Δ /E CMC (2:1).

For the measurement of colour, the following measurement conditions must apply.

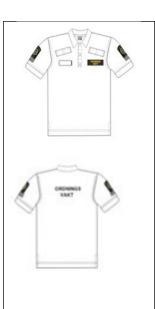
- 1. Measurement geometry must use diffuse illumination, including gloss component (di:8°).
- 2. The measured values are evaluated according to the CIE (publ. 15.2004).
- 3. CIE standard daylight (D65) and CIE 10-degree standard observer must be used.
- 4. Δ /ECMC(2:1) values are calculated in accordance with British Standard, BS 6923:1988.

Uniform garments

Section 8. The tables below show which uniform garments are included in uniforms for security officers and how they must be, or may be, worn.

Shirts

Uniform garment	Design requirements	Requirements for wear
Polo shirt (diagrams)	Polo shirts should	Polo shirts should be worn
	1. be blue;	tucked into a waistband.



- 2. be of knit fabric quality with a knit collar;
- 3. have blue buttons;
- 4. have permanently attached sleeve badges on both sleeves;
- 5. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest,
- 6. have a role designation on the chest, and
- 7. a role designation on the back.

Polo shirts may have long or short sleeves.

Polo shirts may be worn during all duties, but not together with a suit jacket.

Long-sleeved sweater (diagrams)





Long-sleeved sweaters should

- 1. be blue;
- 2. be flat-knit with woven fabric reinforcements at the shoulders and elbows;
- 3. have long sleeves;
- 4. have permanently attached sleeve badges on both sleeves;
- 5. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest,
- 6. have a role designation on the chest, and
- 7. a role designation on the back.

The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations.

Long-sleeved sweaters may have

- a semi poloneck, round neck or V-neck;
- 2. a zip, or

Long-sleeved sweaters should be worn on the outside of the waistband.

Long-sleeved sweaters may be worn during all duties, but not together with a suit jacket.

	3. blue buttons.	
T-shirt (diagram)	T-shirts must be blue. T-shirts may 1. have long or short sleeves, and 2. have a round neck or V-neck.	T-shirts should be worn tucked into a trouser or skirt waistband. T-shirts may be worn during all duties, but not as an
Roll-neck sweater (diagrams)	Roll-neck sweaters must 1. be blue; 2. be flat-knitted; 3. have long sleeves, and 4. have a double- folded collar. Roll-neck sweaters may have a zip.	Roll-neck sweaters should be worn tucked into a trouser or skirt waistband. Roll-neck sweaters may be worn during all duties, but not 1. as an outer garment; 2. as the sole garment under a suit jacket; or 3. as part of a visible combination with a short-sleeved shirt or short-sleeved polo shirt.

Shirts

Uniform garments and ac-	Design requirements		Require	ements for wear
cessories				
Blue shirt (diagram)	Blue sh	irts should have	Blue sh	irts may be worn
	1.	blue buttons;	during a	all duties, but not
	2.	long sleeves;	togethe	r with:
	3.	strap that se-	1.	a tie;
		cures folded	2.	suit jacket;
		sleeves,	3.	suit trousers;
	4.	permanently at-	4.	skirt;
		tached sleeve	5.	polo shirt, or
		badges on both	6.	long-sleeved
		sleeves,		sweater.
	5.	name badge		
		holder on the	Shirts s	hould be worn
		right side of the	tucked	into a waistband.
		chest,		
	6.	role designation	Sleeves	may be folded up
		on the chest, and	with a s	trap fastened over

	7. role designation on the back.	the fold.
	The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations.	
Light blue shirt (diagrams)	Light blue shirts should have 1. light blue buttons at the front, 2. gold-coloured buttons without logo on pocket flaps and cuffs, 3. permanently attached sleeve badges on both sleeves, 4. name badge holder on the right side of the chest, 5. role designation on the chest, and 6. role designation on the back. The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations. Light blue shirts may have long or short sleeves.	Light blue shirts may be worn during all duties. Light blue shirts should be worn tucked into a trouser or skirt waistband. Light blue shirts with long sleeves must be worn together with a tie. The sleeves of light blue shirts must not be folded up. Light blue shirts with short sleeves may be worn without a tie and with the top button open, but not if the shirt is worn together with a suit jacket.
Tie	Ties must be 1. blue; and 2. provided with a safety solution to reduce the risk of strangulation.	A tie must be worn in combination with a light blue shirt with long sleeves. A tie may be worn in combination with a light blue shirt with short sleeves.
Tie clip	Tie clips must be gold-coloured. Tie clips may be decorated with 1. small national coat of arms (max. 60 by 10 mm), or	A tie clip may be worn in combination with the tie.

2.	logo of the em-	
	ployment com-	
	pany (max. 60	
	by 10 mm).	

Trousers

1 rousers		
Uniform garments and accessories	Design requirements	Requirements for wear
Trousers (schematic diagrams)	Trousers must be 1. blue; and 2. of a straight-cut design. Trousers may be fitted with 1. belt loops; 2. thigh pockets; 3. drawstrings at the bottom hems, and 4. 50 mm wide reflective strips placed 200 mm from the bottom hems.	Trousers may be worn during all duties.
Equipment belt	Equipment belts must be black with black carrying devices.	Equipment belts may be worn during all duties. Equipment belts must be
		worn at the waist.

Suit

Uniform garments and	Design requirements		Require	ements for wear
accessories				
Suit jacket	Suit jackets should		Suit jac	kets must be worn
	1.	be blue;	togethe	r with
	2.	have blue but-	1.	a light blue shirt,
		tons;		and
	3.	have perma-	2.	suit trousers or a
		nently attached		skirt.
		sleeve badges on		
		both sleeves;	Suit jac	kets may be worn
	4.	have a suit badge	during a	all duties.
		permanently af-		
		fixed;		
	5.	have a name		
		badge holder on		
		the right side of		
		the chest, and		

	6. have a role designation on the chest. The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations. Suit jackets may have a role designation on the back.	
Suit waistcoat	Suit waistcoats must 1. be blue; 2. have blue buttons; 3. be of the same material as the suit jacket; 4. have a suit badge permanently affixed; 5. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest, and 6. have a role designation on the chest. The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations. Suit waistcoats may have a role designation on the back.	Suit waistcoats must be worn together with 1. a light blue shirt, and 2. suit trousers or a skirt. Suit waistcoats may 1. be worn as an outer garment, 2. be combined with a tie; and 3. be worn during all duties.
Skirt	Skirts must 1. be blue; 2. be of the same material as the suit jacket; 3. be of a straight-cut design; and 4. cover the knees. Skirts may be fitted with pockets and belt loops in any arrangement.	Skirts must be worn together with 1. a light blue shirt, and 2. skin-coloured or black tights. Skirts may be worn during all duties.
Suit trousers	Suit trousers must be: 1. blue; 2. of straight-cut design; and	Suit trousers must be worn together with a light blue shirt.

	3.	of the same material as the suit jacket.	Suit trousers may be worn during all duties.
	with poo	isers may be fitted ekets and belt any arrangement.	
Belt	Belts mu	ust be black.	Belts may be worn during all duties.

Outerwear

Outerwear		
Uniform garment	Design requirements	Requirements for wear
Jacket (diagrams)	Jackets should 1. be blue; 2. be no shorter than hip length; 3. not extend beyond the lower edge of the knee; 4. have permanently attached sleeve badges on both sleeves; 5. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest, 6. have a role designation on the chest, and 7. a role designation on the back. The positioning of pockets must not interfere with the positioning of role designations.	Jackets may be worn during all duties. Jackets with detachable sleeves worn without the sleeves 1. must not be worn together with a suit jacket; and 2. must be worn over prescribed items of uniform that bear sleeve badges.
	Jackets may 1. be fitted with 50 mm wide reflective strips placed 50 mm from the lower edge of the sleeves and the torso; 2. have a collar of any style; 3. have a hood that may be removable; and 4. have removable sleeves.	

Short uniform vest (diagrams) ORDNINGS VA KT	Short uniform vests must 1. be fluorescent yellow; 2. bear the text 'ORD-NINGSVAKT' (security officer) printed in reflective material on a blue background on the front and back of the garment; and 3. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest.	Short uniform vests may be worn during all duties.
Scarf	Scarves must be blue.	Scarves may be worn during all duties.
Gloves	Gloves must be black. Gloves may 1. have additional protection against punctures and cuts; and 2. must not be reinforced over the knuckles.	Gloves may be worn during all duties.

Head-wear

Uniform garment	Design requirements	Requirements for wear
Cap (diagrams)	Caps must be	Caps may be worn during
	 blue; and fitted with a badge. 	all duties.
	Caps may be lined.	
Hat (diagram)	Hats must be	A hat may be worn during
	 blue; of knitted mate- 	all duties.

	rial; and 3. fitted with a badge	
Side cap (diagram)	Side caps must be 1. blue; 2. fitted with a badge; and 3. with yellow square cord.	Side caps may be worn during all duties.

Footwear

Uniform garment	Design requirements	Requirements for wear	
Socks	Socks must 1. be of a single colour 2. be black or blue, and 3. cover the ankles.	Socks may be worn during all duties.	
Shoes	Shoes must 1. be black; 2. have black shoelaces and 3. have a maximum heel height of 5 cm.	Shoes may be worn during all duties.	
Boots	Boots must 1. be black; 2. have a maximum heel height of 5 cm, and 3. be no higher than the lower edge of the knee.	Boots may be worn during all duties. Trouser legs must not be tucked into boots.	
Lace-up boots	Lace-up boots must 1. be black; and 2. have black shoelaces.	Lace-up boots may be worn during all duties, but not together with a suit. Trouser legs must not be tucked into lace-up boots.	
Rubber boots	Rubber boots must be black.	Rubber boots may be worn during all duties, but not together with a suit.	

High visibility garments

Section 9. The table below shows how high visibility garments designed to meet the requirements for personal protective equipment in accordance with the Standard EN ISO 20471 must also be designed if they are to be permitted as uniform garments for security officers.

Uniform garment	Design requirements	Requirements for wear	
High-visibility jacket (di-	High-visibility jackets	High-visibility jackets may	
agrams)	must	be worn during all duties.	
ORDNINGS VAKT	1. be fluorescent yellow; and 2. bear the text 'ORD- NINGSVAKT', printed in reflective material on a blue background on the front and back of the garment, 3. have permanently fitted sleeve badges; and 4. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest.	8	
Long high-visibility vest (diagrams) ORDNINGS VAKT	Long high-visibility vests must 1. be fluorescent yellow; 2. bear the text 'ORD-NINGSVAKT', printed in reflective material on a blue background on the front and back, and 3. have a name badge holder on the right side of the chest.	Long high-visibility vests may be worn during all duties.	

Service insignia

Section 10. The table below shows which service insignia are included in the uniform for security officers and how they must be, or may be, worn.

"Security companies" refers to authorised security companies in accordance with Section 1 of the Act (1974:191) on Private Security Companies.

Service insignia	Design requirements	Requirements for wear	
Role designation on the chest ORDNINGSVAKT	Role designation on the chest must 1. be of embroidered textile; 2. be 110 mm in width; 3. be 33 mm in height; 4. have a black background, and 5. have the text 'ORD-NINGSVAKT' in yellow in bold style Arial Narrow font.	The role designation on the chest must be permanently attached to the left side of the garment. No other role designations may be combined with the role designation on the chest.	
Role designation on the back ORDNINGS 10 mm VAKT Storm Storm	The role designation on the back must 1. have the text 'ORD- NINGSVAKT' in bold style Arial Narrow font, 2. have an outer dimension of 340 by 130 mm with a maximum deviation of 20 by 10 mm; and 3. be reflective.	The role designation on the back must be placed in a clearly visible position, be centred and located at the widest point of the back. A role designation on the back must be present on 1. polo shirts, 2. shirts and 3. jackets. A role designation on the back may be present on 1. sweaters, 2. suit jackets and 3. waistcoats.	
Sleeve badge	Sleeve badges must 1. be of embroidered textile; 2. be rectangular with a curved upper edge, 3. be 85 mm wide;	Arm badges must be 1. permanently attached to both sleeves of the garment; 2. centred on each sleeve, and	

	I		
VAKT	4. 5. 6.	be 110 mm high; have a black background; have the small national coat of arms on a medium blue shield, placed over two intersecting fasces resting on oak leaves, and bear the text 'ORDNINGS' above and the text 'VAKT' below, in yellow bold style Arial Narrow font, under the shield.	3. placed 50 mm below the shoulder seam.
Cap badge VAKT	Cap bac 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	dered textile; be rectangular with a curved up- per edge,	Hat badges must be permanently attached, centred at the front on caps, hats or side caps.
Suit badges	Suit bac 1. 2. 3.	lges must be of embroi- dered textile; be round, be 60 mm in di- ameter,	Suit badges must 1. be permanently attached to suits and waist-coats; 2. positioned with

		1
	 4. have a black background, and 5. have the small national coat of arms on medium blue shield laid over two crossing fasces resting on oak leaves. 	the upper edge 10 mm directly below the role designation on the chest; and 3. centred in rela- tion to the role designation.
Company badge	1. be no more than 90 mm in width; 2. be no more than 45 mm in height, and 3. indicate the company with which the security officer is employed.	Security officers employed by security companies must wear a company badge. Security officers employed by a company other than a security company or working on behalf of a security company may wear a company badge. Company badges must be affixed 1. to garments with sleeve badges, 2. on both sleeves, and 3. 10 mm below the sleeve badge.
Assignment badge	Assignment badges must 1. be no more than 90 mm in width; 2. be no more than 25 mm in height, and 3. indicate the entity authorised to make use of the security officer.	An assignment badge may be worn by a security officer at the request of the authorisation holder or the principal. Assignment badges must be affixed 1. on both sleeves, and 2. 10 mm below the company badge, if present. If a company badge is not present, the assignment badge must be affixed 10 mm below the sleeve badge.
Name badge (military clip)	Name badges must be 1. made of metal or	Name badges may be worn during all duties.

			1	
	3.	hard plastic, black with yellow text, and have an outer di- mension of 80 by 25 mm with a maximum devia- tion of 5 by 5 mm.	Name badges must be worn in a name badge holder on the right sid of the garment's chest	
	state on followin 1. 2.	Name Role (site man- ager or team leader)		
Brassard (diagram) PLATSCHEF PLATSCHEF GRUPPLEDARE	2. Brassar agers m 1. 2. Brassar must	badge. ds for site mannust be fluorescent green; and bear the text 'PLATSCHEF' (site manager). ds for team leaders	worn w more se are wor When a	ds may only be here three or ecurity officers king together. brassard is used, be worn on the left arm, by the site manager or team leader; and together with a high-visibility jacket, long high-visibility vest or short high-visibility vest.
	1.	be fluorescent red, and bear the text 'GRUP- PLEDARE' (team leader).		

Chapter 3. Assistive devices for the use of force

Batons for security officers

Section 1. Security officers may only use batons that meet the requirements laid out in Section 2.

Section 2. Batons must

1. be of the expandable type;

- 2. be composed of stainless steel;
- 3. not allow for lateral whip action in any part;
- 4. be no shorter than 40 cm and no longer than 66 cm when extended;
- 5. be black:
- 6. have a non-slip handle surface composed of rubber or similar material,
- 7. have a handle that is fixed in such a way that it cannot slide or become detached without the use of tools:
- 8. be designed to maintain its position, both when retracted and when extended, and
- 9. meet the durability requirements laid out in Chapter 3 Technische Richtlinie Einsatzstöcke, Kurtz und lang 4/2006, or equivalent requirements.

Section 3 Batons must be carried in a baton holster attached to the equipment belt or other belt at the waist.

Section 4 Baton holsters must

- 1. be composed of a hard synthetic material; and
- 2. must not have any flap, cover or other locking device over the end of the baton.

Handcuffs for security officers

Section 5. Security officers may only use handcuffs that meet the requirements laid out in Section 6.

However, under the direction of or in cooperation with the police, security officers may use other types of handcuffs if these are provided by the police as part of a special operation.

Section 6. Handcuffs must:

- 1. be composed of metal;
- 2. be steel coloured; and
- 3. meet the requirements laid out in Chapters 4 and 5 of NIJ Standard 0307.01 or equivalent requirements.

Chapter 4. Other equipment

Safety helmets for security officers

Section 1. Safety helmets for security officers must be

- 1. blue;
- 2. of the type assigned by the Police Authority to police officers; and
- 3. marked with a unique identification number so that the security officer wearing the helmet can be identified.

Chapter 5. Vehicles for the transportation of persons taken into custody

Section 1. Transport of persons who have been taken into custody by security officers in accordance with the Act (1976: 511) on the Taking into Custody of Intoxicated Persons etc. or the Police Act (1984: 387) shall be carried out by means of a passenger car (transport vehicle) that meets the requirements laid out in this Chapter. For the purposes of these regulations, a passenger car refers to a class I passenger car according to Section 2 of the Road Traffic Definitions Act (2001:559).

Section 2. The transport vehicle must comply with the requirements of Section 30 of the Exhaust Emission Controls Act (2011:318) for emission class Euro 6 and safety class 5 according to the Euro NCAP system.

Section 3. The transport vehicle must bear external markings. The following information must be included in the markings.

- 1. The name or logo of the company or organisation with which the security officers responsible for the transportation are employed;
- 2. The word 'ordningsvakt',

In addition to the markings referred to in the first sub-paragraph, transport vehicles may be marked with a name or logo that indicates the entity authorised to use security officers. Such marking may not be larger than 15 by 45 cm.

Markings must be legible in daylight from a distance of at least 10 metres and must be positioned on the sides of the transport vehicle.

Section 4. The transport vehicle must be equipped with privacy protection.

Privacy protection must

- 1. consist of permanently fitted sun protection film or tinted windows;
- 2. have a VLT value of no less than 5 % and no more than 25 %; and
- 3. be fitted to all windows behind the driver's seat of the vehicle.

Section 5. Grab handles in the transport vehicle must not be located in the vicinity of the person being transported.

Section 6. The vehicle door closest to the person taken into custody must not be possible to open from the inside.

Section 7. Transport vehicles in which a person taken into custody is being transported in the first row of seats behind the driver's seat must be fitted with a kick guard between the front seats.

Kick guards must

1. be permanently mounted to the vehicle chassis and centre console so that the kick guard cannot be moved by force of hand or kicking;

- 2. be fitted so that the gap between the seat's backrest and the kick guard does not exceed 5 cm when the seat is in the reclined position,
- 3. be so fitted that the adjustability of the front seats is not impaired;
- 4. be at least 70 cm high but no higher than the centre line of the neck support;
- 5. have a metal frame;
- 6. have soft rounded edges with a radius of at least 3.2 mm, and
- 7. have a soft plastic, textile or leather cover.

Section 8. Transport vehicles must be equipped with a first aid kit.

First aid kits must consist of at least the following:

- 1. CPR face mask,
- 2. self-ventilating trauma bandage (chest seal);
- 3. restrictive bandage of the tourniquet type;
- 4. haemostatic dressings,
- 5. sterile dressings;
- 6. stretch bandage,
- 7. plasters,
- 8. scissors,
- 9. wound cleaning solution;
- 10.eye wash; and
- 11. electric blanket.

Chapter 6 – Exemptions

Section 1. The Police Authority may decide on exemptions from these regulations in special cases.

- 1. These regulations and general guidelines will enter into force on xxxx.
- 2. These regulations repeal xxxx.
- 3. Chapter 5 does not apply to transport vehicles which have been approved for transport in accordance with Chapter 9, Section 14, of the Swedish Police Authority's Regulations and General Guidelines (PMFS 2017: 12) on Security Officers.
- 4. Overalls that meet the requirements of the Swedish Police Authority's Regulations and General Guidelines (PMFS 2017:12) may be used until the end of 2027.
- 5. Any decision on exemption from the Swedish Police Authority's Regulations and General Guidelines (PMFS 2017:12) on Security Officers regarding the wearing of uniforms or other equipment will continue to apply until the expiry date specified in that deci-

sion. Where the exemption decision is not limited in time, it will be valid until the end of 2027.

On behalf of the Swedish Police Authority

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