

Message 001

Communication from the Commission - TRIS/(2026) 1697

Directive (EU) 2015/1535

Notification: 2026/0318/EE

Notification of a draft text from a Member State

Notification – Notification – Notifizierung – Нотификация – Oznámení – Notifikation – Γνωστοποίηση – Notificación – Teavitamine – Ilmoitus – Obavijest – Bejelentés – Notifica – Pranešimas – Paziņojums – Notifika – Kennisgeving – Zawiadomienie – Notificação – Notificare – Oznámenie – Obvestilo – Anmälan – Fógra a thabhairt

Does not open the delays - N'ouvre pas de délai - Kein Fristbeginn - Не се предвижда период на прекъсване - Nezahajuje prodlení - Fristerne indledes ikke - Καμμία έναρξη προθεσμίας - No abre el plazo - Viivituste perioodi ei avata - Määräaika ei ala tästä - Ne otvara razdoblje kašnjenja - Nem nyitja meg a késésekét - Non fa decorrere la mora - Atidējimai nepradedami - Atlikšanas laikposms nesākas - Ma jiftaħ il-perijodi ta' dewmien - Geen termijnbegin - Nie otwiera opóźnień - Não inicia o prazo - Nu deschide perioadele de stagnare - Nezačína oneskorenia - Ne uvaja zamud - Inleder ingen frist - Ní osclaíonn sé na moilleanna

MSG: 20261697.EN

1. MSG 001 IND 2026 0318 EE EN 29-06-2026 EE NOTIF

2. Estonia

3A. Majandus- ja Kommunikatsiooniministeerium, aadress Suur-Ameerika 1, 10122 Tallinn
Ettevõtluskeskkonna valdkond,
karl.stern@mkm.ee

3B. Sotsiaalministeerium, Rahvatervishoiu osakond, info@sm.ee

4. 2026/0318/EE - S00S - HEALTH, MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

5. The Bill on Amendments to the Regulation "Requirements for the Provision of Beauty and Personal Services"

6. Solarium equipment for use in the provision of solarium services

7.

8. The draft Regulation updates and specifies the requirements for solarium equipment and the solarium service in order to improve the safety of the service and reduce the health risks associated with UV radiation. The amendments specify the content of the technical documentation of solarium equipment, harmonise the requirements for recording the exchange of solarium lamps, establish the maximum permitted total effective exposure density of solarium equipment according to the erythema action spectrum and organise the structure of the regulation, among other things, supplement the regulation with an annex setting out the list of data to be submitted for solarium equipment.

9. The aim of the proposed measure is to protect public health by reducing the risks associated with ultraviolet radiation from solarium services and by ensuring that solarium equipment that complies with the relevant requirements is used when providing such services.

UV radiation from the use of solariums may cause serious health damage, including skin burns, skin cancer (including melanoma), premature skin ageing and eye damage. The adverse health effects of UV radiation have been scientifically proven, and damage to health may become apparent even after a long period of time. The requirements laid down in the draft act will help to reduce the health risks associated with ultraviolet radiation and ensure that the solarium equipment complies with the safety requirements. The measure is therefore legitimate and necessary to achieve the objective of protecting public health.

9a. The proposed measure is appropriate for achieving the objective of protecting public health, as it is directly aimed at reducing the risks associated with UV radiation from solarium services. The measure establishes the maximum permissible effective total irradiance of a solarium installation based on the erythema action spectrum and specifies the requirements necessary to verify the safety and conformity of the installation.

The measure makes it possible to assess the conformity of the equipment with the safety requirements and ensures that it can be checked at the place where the service is provided.

9b. The measure is necessary because the mere reliance on general product safety requirements and technical standards has not ensured uniform compliance with the safety requirements for solarium equipment in practice. In the case of solarium services, the health risk is directly linked to the technical parameters and use of the equipment; therefore, compliance with the requirements must be verifiable. The proposed measure does not constitute an unjustified restriction on the free movement of goods or the cross-border provision of services. The requirements apply equally to all businesses providing solarium services in Estonia.

Less restrictive solutions would not provide sufficient legal clarity and would not allow uniform verification of the compliance of equipment with safety requirements.

9c. The burden associated with the proposed measure is not disproportionate to the public health objective sought. The impact on economic operators is mainly to ensure the availability of the technical documentation of the device and of the lamp exchange data necessary to verify the conformity of the device.

The impact of the measure on the internal market is limited, as the requirements apply without distinction to all service providers and are related to the protection of public health. The objective of protecting public

health outweighs the limited burden associated with the measure.

10. References to related legislation:

11. No

12.

13. No

14. No

15. Yes

16.

TBT aspects: No

SPS aspects: No

European Commission

Contact point Directive (EU) 2015/1535

email: grow-dir2015-1535-central@ec.europa.eu