Message 001

Communication from the Commission - TRIS/(2025) 0372

Directive (EU) 2015/1535

Notification: 2025/0079/BG

Notification of a draft text from a Member State

Notification – Notification – Notification – Νοtification – Γνωστοποίηση – Notificación – Teavitamine – Ilmoitus – Obavijest – Bejelentés – Notifica – Pranešimas – Paziņojums – Notifika – Kennisgeving – Zawiadomienie – Notificação – Notificare – Oznámenie – Obvestilo – Anmälan – Fógra a thabhairt

Does not open the delays - N'ouvre pas de délai - Kein Fristbeginn - He се предвижда период на прекъсване - Nezahajuje prodlení - Fristerne indledes ikke - Καμμία έναρξη προθεσμίας - No abre el plazo - Viivituste perioodi ei avata - Määräaika ei ala tästä - Ne otvara razdoblje kašnjenja - Nem nyitja meg a késéseket - Non fa decorrere la mora - Atidėjimai nepradedami - Atlikšanas laikposms nesākas - Ma jiftaħx il-perijodi ta' dewmien - Geen termijnbegin - Nie otwiera opóźnień - Não inicia o prazo - Nu deschide perioadele de stagnare - Nezačína oneskorenia - Ne uvaja zamud - Inleder ingen frist - Ní osclaíonn sé na moilleanna

MSG: 20250372.EN

- 1. MSG 001 IND 2025 0079 BG EN 07-02-2025 BG NOTIF
- 2. Bulgaria
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- 4. 2025/0079/BG C10P Pharmaceuticals
- 5. Draft Order prohibiting the export of certain medicinal products

7.

- 8. It shall be prohibited to export, within the meaning of Article 217a(3) of the Law on Medicinal Products for Human Use, the following medicinal products which have received an authorisation pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency, and medicinal products with marketing authorisation issued under Article 26(1) of the Law on Medicinal Products for Human Use, classified according to an anatomical therapeutic chemical classification compliant with the requirements of the World Health Organisation (WHO) into the following pharmacological groups:
- 1. A10A "Insulins and analogues" medicinal products of the group with the following trade names:
- Actrapid Penfill, Solution for injection, 100 IU/ml 3 ml, Pack: 5;
- Levemir Penfill, Solution for injection, 100 U/ml 3 ml, Pack: 10;
- Insulatard Penfill, Suspension for injection, 100 IU/ml 3 ml, Pack: 5;
- Tresiba Solution for injection 100 IU/ml -3 ml -5 Pre-filled pen (FlexTouch);
- Fiasp, Solution for injection, 100 U/ml 3 ml, Pack: 10 (2x5) pre-filled pens (multipack);
- Fiasp, Solution for injection, 100 U/ml-3 ml, Pack: 10 Cartridges;
- NovoMix 30 Penfill, Suspension for injection, 100 U/ml 3 ml, Pack: 10;
- Humalog, Solution for injection, 100 IU/ml 3 ml (3.5 mg/ml, Pack: 10;
- Lyumjev, Solution for injection, 200 U/ml 3 ml, Pack: 10;
- Xultophy, Solution for injection in pre-filled pen, 100 U/ml/3.6 mg/ml 3 ml, Pack: 3.
- 2. A10BK "Sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT-2) inhibitors" medicinal products with trade names:
- Forxiga Film-coated tablet 10 mg x30;
- Jardiance Film-coated tablet 10 mg x30.
- 3. J01 "Antibacterial medicinal products for systemic use" medicinal products from the INN group: 'Amoxicillin, clavulanic acid' and INN: 'Azithromycin' in pharmaceutical forms "powder for oral suspension" and "granules for oral suspension".
- 4. J06BD "Antiviral monoclonal antibodies" medicinal product with trade name Synagis Solution for injection 100 mg/ml 0.5 ml x1.

The ban shall be in force from 21 February 2025 to 24 March 2025.

9. Diabetes is a chronic disease that occurs either when the pancreas does not produce enough insulin or when the body cannot effectively use the insulin it produces. Insulin is a hormone that regulates blood sugar. Increased blood sugar, hyperglycemia, is the result of uncontrolled diabetes and over time leads to serious damage to many of the body's systems, especially nerves and blood vessels.

Type 1 diabetes (known as insulin dependent) is characterised by insufficient insulin production and requires daily parenteral insulin administration.

Type 2 diabetes affects the way glucose in the body is absorbed and transformed into energy. This is a pathological condition in which cells either fail to respond normally to the hormone insulin or reduce the number of insulin receptors in response to hyperinsulinaemia.

The main danger in diabetes is its chronic complications. Diabetes leads to the development of damage to the eyes, kidneys, nervous system, cardiovascular diseases, brain strokes, pain in the lower extremities, etc.

In order to analyse the situation regarding the availability of medicinal products for the treatment of diabetes, anti-infectious medicinal products and the medicinal product with INN Palivizumab on the pharmaceutical market and patients' access to them, information from the Bulgarian Drug Agency (BDA) on the available quantities of medicinal products from pharmacological groups subject to the export ban for the wholesalers and marketing authorisation holders, information from the Regional Health Inspectorates on checks carried out in community pharmacies on the availability of medicinal products, covering large and smaller settlements, was requested. Information from the marketing authorisation holders was requested on the currently available quantities of medicinal products of group A10A "Insulins and analogues", group A10BK "Sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT-2) inhibitors" and the medicinal product with INN Palivizumab by batch number and expiry date, as well as information was required on the delivered relevant quantities since the beginning of the year of the afore-mentioned medicinal products of the same groups and the planned follow-up deliveries in the 6 upcoming months. From the website of the National Health Insurance Fund (NHIF), an inquiry was made on the consumption of medicinal products and the number of health insured persons.

After summarising and reviewing the information received from the specified institutions and from the marketing authorisation holders, it is clearly observed that the following insulins with a trade name: Actrapid Penfil (Insulin – human), Levemir Penfill (Insulin detemir), Insulatard Penfil (Insulin – human) and Tresiba 100 IU/ml - 3 ml are subject to irregular delivery, reduced quantity delivery, or delivery delays in 11-12 of all districts in the country, or approximately 40%.

For medicinal products: Fiasp Flex touch 100 IU/ml - 3 ml, NovoMix 30 Penfill 300 IU and Humalog 300 IU issues have been observed in approximately or more than 30 % of all districts, while for medicinal products with a trade name Fiasp cartriges 100 IU/ml - 3 ml cartriges, Lyumjev 200U/ml - 3ml and Xultophy 100U/ml/3.6 mg/ml - 3 ml, shortages have been reported in approximately 18 % of all districts in the country. For the rest of the reported insulins, issues have been observed in individual districts and pharmacies. Following an analysis on the information received, it was found that there was a difficulty in supplying both pharmacies and patients with the medicinal products of the pharmacological group A10A "Insulins and analogues" with the above-mentioned trade names. In view of the above, it is necessary to prohibit the export of the medicinal products in guestion.

With regard to medicinal products belonging to the pharmacological group "Sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT-2) inhibitors":

On the territory of our country, the following medicinal products have a valid marketing authorisation and an established price: Forxiga film-coated tablet 10 mg (INN Dapagliflozin), Jardiance film-coated tablet 10 mg (Empagliflozin) and Invokana film-coated tablet 100 mg (INN Canagliflozin). Medicinal products, according to the approved Summary of Product Characteristics, are indicated for the treatment of adults with inadequate control of type 2 diabetes mellitus as an adjunct to diet and exercise: as monotherapy in cases where the use of metformin is inappropriate due to intolerability or in addition to other medicinal products for the treatment of diabetes. Alerts of shortage, difficulty, or refusal of delivery are observed in about 36% of the districts in the country for the medicinal product Jardiance and 32% for the medicinal product Forxiga, respectively. For the medicinal products Jardiance 10 mg and Forxiga 10 mg, the number of patients (the number of persons insured with sickness insurance) treated with these products has increased significantly. Between January and November 2024, the increase of the patients' number treated (reimbursed by the NHIF) with Jardiance 10 mg was approximately 1.8 times. The increase in patients receiving therapy (reimbursed by the NHIF) with the medicinal product Forxiga 10 mg was about 1.6-fold. Due to the increased number of patients undergoing therapy with the aforementioned medicinal products, a noticeable increase in consumption is observed.

Due to these data, the need for an export ban is justified only for the medicinal products Forxiga film-coated tablet 10 mg (INN Dapagliflozin) and Jardiance film-coated tablet 10 mg (Empagliflozin).

As regards medicinal products of the following pharmacological group: J01 "Anti-infectious medicinal products for systemic use" – all medicinal products in the group in pharmaceutical forms "powder for oral suspension" and "granules for oral suspension":

From the data provided by the Regional Health Inspectorate, it can be noted that delays and irregularities in deliveries, including refusals from wholesalers' warehouses, have been mainly observed for medicinal products belonging to the INN: Amoxicilline, clavulanic acid; and INN: Azithromycin.

Currently, there is an increase in respiratory diseases in the country; consequently, the use of the above-mentioned medicinal products has increased. That entails the imposition of an export ban on those medicinal products.

For the medicinal product with the trade name Synagis Solution for injection 100 mg/ml - 0.5 ml - x1: Synagis, solution for injection, 100 mg/ml - 0.5 ml - x1 (INN Palivizumab) is authorised in the country under the EU centralised procedure. The product is indicated for the prevention of serious lower respiratory tract diseases requiring hospitalisation caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) in children at high risk of RSV disease.

The medicinal product is included in Annexes 1 and 4 of the Positive Drug List and is the only medicinal product in the PDL corresponding to INN Palivizumab.

During the current winter period, there has been an increase in demand for Palivizumab due to the increased risk of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) disease among newborns and young children, which warrants a ban on its export.

Although the mechanisms laid down in the legislation to restrict the export of medicinal products laid down in Chapter Nine "b" "Export of Medicinal Products". Specialised electronic system for follow-up and analysis of medicinal products" in the Law on Medicinal Products for Human Use, as it could be noted from the analysis of the data received from the above-mentioned institutions, a shortage of medicinal products continues to be observed. This is also evidenced by the lack of these medicinal products in pharmacies, found by the RHI, while one of the possible reasons for this shortage is that these products may be exported from the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria to other countries in quantities, creating prerequisites for a potential shortage of these medicinal products on the Bulgarian market.

Regardless of the legal nature of the activity carried out, the export of medicinal products referred to in point I of the draft Order, as well as the observed delays in the deliveries, disrupts the balance between the medicinal products supplied on the territory of the country and the increased demand for them to meet the health needs of the population.

Following an in-depth analysis of the current situation with regard to the availability of the above-mentioned groups of medicinal products and the information provided above, it was found necessary to introduce an export prohibition on the groups of medicinal products identified in point I of the draft Order.

In addition, by setting the time limit, referred to in the draft Order, for the ban on the export of the medicinal products of the said draft, a balance will be struck between, on the one hand, the objective of the measure applied – i.e. to ensure a sufficient quantity of these medicinal products necessary for the treatment of Bulgarian patients, to protect their health and to guarantee the continuity of their drug therapy – and, on the other hand, to not infringe for a long period of time the right of economic operators to carry out the free movement of the goods in which they trade, in the case at hand: medicinal products.

The objective sought – to provide the Bulgarian pharmaceutical market with sufficient medicinal products to meet the needs of the population – should be proportionate to the potential economic benefits that would accrue to the holders of marketing authorisations for medicinal products if they were able to export the

described products during the period in question. The prohibition period introduced does not violate the principle of proportionality laid down in the Administrative Procedure Code (APC), the main purpose of which is that the administrative act and its implementation may not affect rights and legitimate interests to a greater extent than necessary for the purpose for which the act is issued (Article 6(2) of the APC).

The duration of the prohibition, as well as the specific medicinal products, have been determined in strict compliance with the principle of proportionality, in order to protect the health of the population and in compliance with the prohibition of arbitrary discrimination or disguised restriction on trade between Member States referred to in Article 36 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

10. References to the basic texts: There is no main text

11. Yes

12. Following an analysis of the market situation for the stocks of medicinal products referred to in point I of the draft order, a shortage in the pharmacy network of certain types of medicinal products for the treatment of diabetes, anti-infective medicinal products, and antiviral monoclonal antibodies was identified. The medicinal products referred to in point I of the draft order are vital for patients - irregular deliveries, delays, or withdrawals from wholesalers' warehouses for these medicines would compromise treatment and endanger their health and life. After analyzing the data, including those from the BDA, comparable to those on average monthly consumption of medicinal products by health insured persons, published by the NHIF, it was found that there is a difficulty in the supply of both pharmacies and patients with the medicinal products referred to in point I of the draft order. The need for the immediate measure was established after a thorough analysis of the current situation with the availability of medicines. The measure will achieve timely and adequate provision of sufficient quantities of these medicines for the treatment of Bulgarian patients, which will ensure the protection of their health and will guarantee the continuity of their drug therapy.

13. No

14. No

15. No

16.

TBT aspects: No

SPS aspects: No

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